

2020年度 海外帰国生徒特別選抜 学力検査

英 語

【1】 次の英文を読んで、問1～問4に**日本語**で答えなさい。

From time to time, people suggest to me that scientists ought to give more consideration to social problems—especially that they should be more responsible in considering the impact of science upon society. This same suggestion must be made to many other scientists, and it seems to be generally believed that if the scientists would only look at these very difficult social problems and not spend so much time fooling with the less vital scientific ones, great success would come of it.

It seems to me that we do think about these problems from time to time, but we don't put full-time effort into them—the reason being that we know we don't have any magic formula for solving problems, that social problems are very much harder to solve than scientific ones, and that we usually don't get anywhere when we do think about them.

I believe that a scientist looking at nonscientific problems is just as dumb as the next guy—and when he talks about a nonscientific matter, he will sound as naive as anyone untrained in the matter. Since the question of the value of science is not a scientific subject, this discussion is intended to prove my point—by example.

The first way in which science is of value is familiar to everyone. It is that scientific knowledge enables us to do all kinds of things and to make all kinds of things. Of course if we make good things, it is not only to the credit of science; it is also to the credit of the moral choice which led us to good work. Scientific knowledge is a power that enables us to do either good or bad—but it does not carry instructions on how to use it. Such power has clear value—even though the power may lose its effect by what one does.

I learned a way of expressing this common human problem on a trip to Honolulu. In a Buddhist temple there, the man in charge explained a little bit about the Buddhist religion for tourists, and then ended his talk by telling them he had something to say to them that they would *never* forget—and I have never forgotten it. It was a saying of the Buddhist religion: “To every man is given the key to the gates of heaven; the same key opens the gates of hell.”

(Adapted from Richard Feynman, *The Pleasure of Finding Things Out*, pp. 141–142. New York, NY: Basic Books, 1999)

問1 この文の筆者がよく言われているということは何ですか。第一パラグラフを参照してまとめなさい。

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問2 筆者が、問1で指摘されていることに全力を尽くさない理由を三つ書きなさい。

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問3 科学が役に立つ理由について、本文に即して説明しなさい。

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問4 下線部の“a saying”の内容について詳しく述べなさい。

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【3】 次の問1～問 10 の英文を作るために、( )内に入れる語句として最も適切なものを、それぞれ選択肢①～④から一つ選び、番号を [ ] に記入しなさい。

問1 ( ) student satisfaction is concerned, British universities are not necessarily better than Japanese ones.

- ① As far as      ② As long as      ③ As many as      ④ As much as  
[ ]

問2 John was ( ) his father the way to the train station.

- ① said to show      ② said to teach      ③ told to show      ④ told to teach  
[ ]

問3 You will not be completely satisfied, ( ).

- ① even if you are doing any job      ② how are you doing a job  
③ how you are doing a job      ④ no matter what job you are doing  
[ ]

問4 Chris ( ) there for three minutes before it began to rain heavily.

- ① had not been      ② has been      ③ has not been      ④ will have been  
[ ]

問5 Would you mind ( ) here?

- ① how I smoke      ② if I smoke  
③ which I smoke      ④ why I smoke  
[ ]

問6 That teacher ( ) seemed to be very unfriendly.

- ① at first                      ② fast                      ③ firstly                      ④ the first

[                      ]

問7 I wish that news ( ) true.

- ① be                      ② is                      ③ were                      ④ will be

[                      ]

問8 My young child ate ( ) for lunch.

- ① a large lamb                      ② a lot of lamb  
③ a lot of lambs                      ④ several lambs

[                      ]

問9 I ( ) my first love.

- ① got married                      ② got married to  
③ married to                      ④ was married

[                      ]

問 10 This book is very long, but it is ( ).

- ① worth read                      ② worth reading  
③ worth to be read                      ④ worth to read

[                      ]



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小論文

## 小論文課題

選挙権が18歳に引き下げられたにもかかわらず、投票率が低いことをどのように考えますか。600字程度（句読点を含む）で私見を述べなさい。

（楷書で丁寧に記すこと）